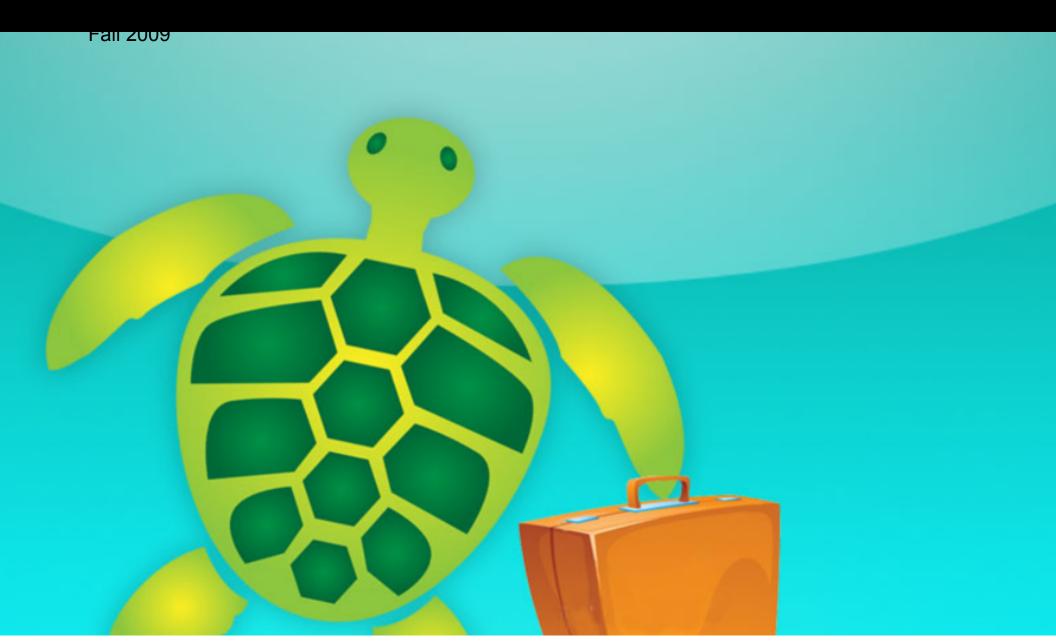
EcoTravel

IDIA 612: iPhone Application Project



The Situation

Our Task: Design an iPhone application to promotes sustainable living.

Challenge: To design the application to work with the functionality of the iPhone while keeping in mind the psychology of iPhone users and people who travel.





EcoTravel Application

- 1. Change the behavior and cognitive response to eco-friendly concepts.
- 2. Sustain these behavioral changes through a user-friendly application that is accessible anywhere.
- **3.** Provide users with an outlet to support their existing "green" habits.





Research

- 1. Travel Motivations and Expectations
- 2. Social Media and Mobile Devices



4. Design Factors for iPhone

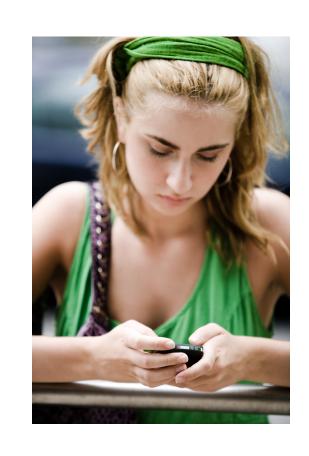




Target Audience

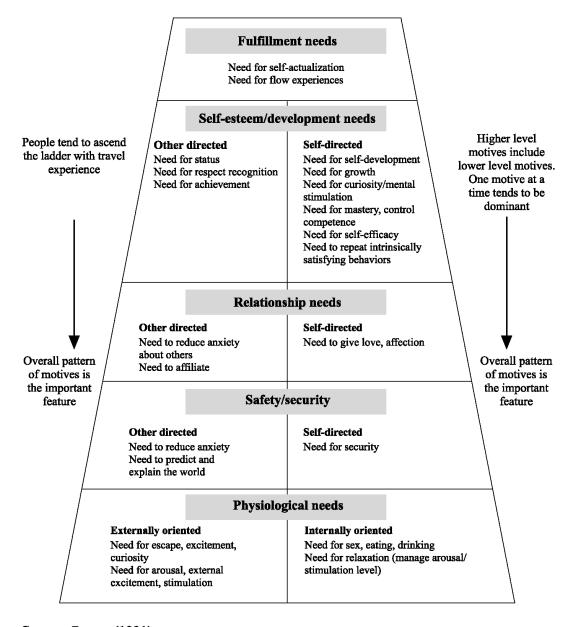
People who are:

- Predisposed to travel
- Users of iPhones
- Interested in sustainable activities





Travel Motivation



Pearce's Travel Career Model



Source: Pearce (1991)

Recreational Travel

Iso-Ahola says for travel to be recreational, it must:

- Be intrinsically movtivated
- Allow for optimal arousal





Social Media

Social Media Participatory Technology

- Allows individuals to connect, share, and communicate information using their mobile phones.
- Social Networks (like Facebook, Twitter, Flickr) are the fastest growing Participation Outlets among users today because of convergent devices like IPhone, and the Android.





Nature of Social Networks

Social networks are:

- Densely Knit
- Tightly-Bound
- Multi-stranded
- Context dependent and socially constructed





ABI Research on SM

- Media mobile communities and user generated content will be worth \$13.1 billion by 2011.
- There are currently 50 million members in "mobile social communities".
- Facebook has the largest social mobile community today.
- This number expecting to reach 174 million worldwide by 2015.





User Interface Control and Error Prevention

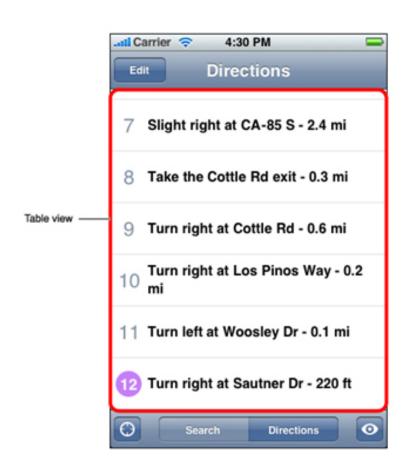
Application use on mobile devices:

- Low usability scores for according to Jakob Nielsen Group's user testing.
- Small screens mean fewer visible options.
- Users required to rely on short-term memory.



iPhone UI control selection

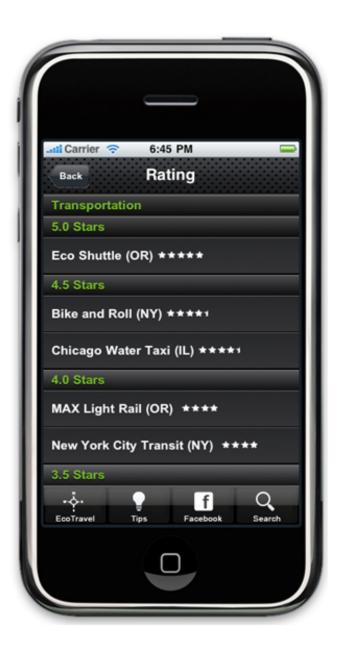
Typically, there are two types of content-area views in iPhone application.





EcoTravel

Navigating Hierarchical Information



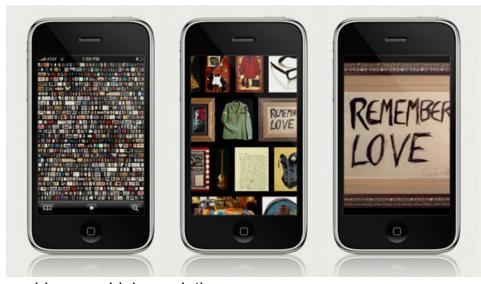
- Research shows that the table view works well to display a hierarchy of information.
- This makes it easy for users to follow a path through the hierarchy by selecting one item in each successive list.
- The disclosure indicator element tells users that tapping anywhere in the row reveals the subset of information in a new list.

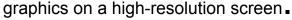


Visual design for the iPhone

Screen space

- Due to limited space (compared to desktop applications), designers must identify the most crucial feature of the application to display on screen.
- A high screen resolution makes graphics and fonts crisp and vibrant. This makes a good solution to small screen space.







Graphics and Icons

- Apple provides a toolkit for user interface that includes standard controls, windows and look-and-feel.
- Although apple provides the framework, there are two custom items needed for the application: the application icon and launch image.
- The application icon should be designed with the application's branding in mind. It should be easy to identify and aesthetically pleasing.
- Positive first impression



application icon designs



Fonts and Colors

- The background color of the application launch page is black. Therefore, the background of the application icon should be any color but black so that it does not get lost on the screen.
- Apple adds the rounded corners and reflection to the icon for a consitent look.
- The font Helvetica is used in the iPhone interface.

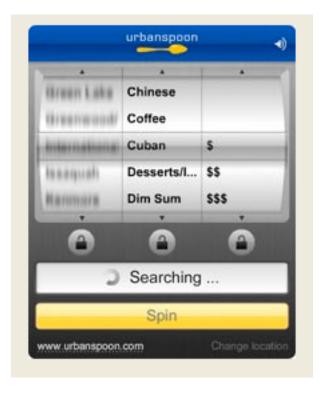


application icons on a black background.



Initial Design Influences







Problem: How do we provide users with sustainable destinations.

Solution: Conduct a search for sustainable destinations.



Problem: Once users pick a destination, how do they take further action?

Solution: Create a description page that uniformly displays information for each result found from the users' search.



Problem: How does the user leave a rating to build up the database of information and legitimize their finding based on our data sets?

Solution: Create a rating system with stars to indicate a scale of 1-5.



Problem: Orientation and Navigation

Solution: Provide general orientation and navigation via the top navigation "Back" button.

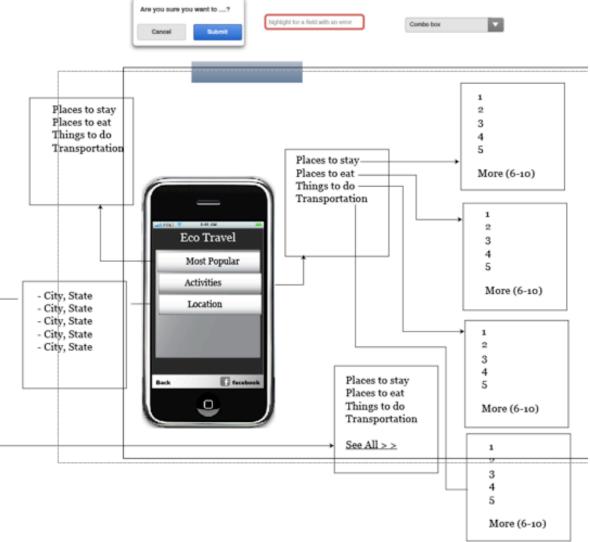
Provide a common navigation to reduce cognitive load.



Planning Navigation





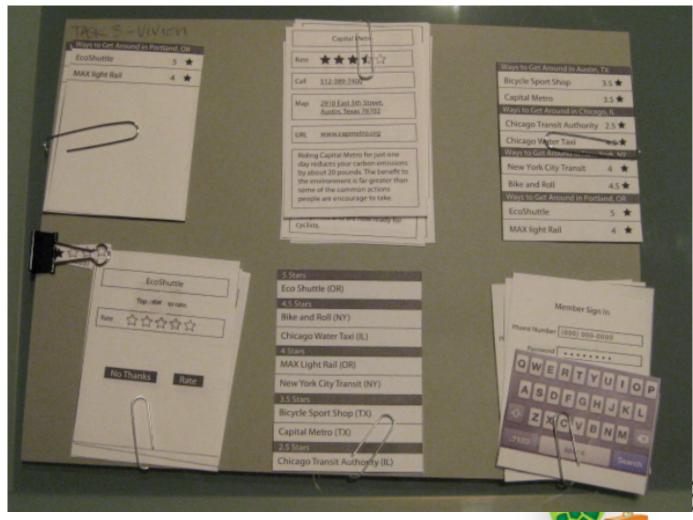






Usability Testing

Paper Prototype



coTravel

1st Usability Testing

Paper Prototype





Key Issues

- 1. Category Naming Conventions
- Navigation of screens to get back to main category
- 3. Stars vs. miles need to change
- 4. Rating should include instruction



Usability Testing

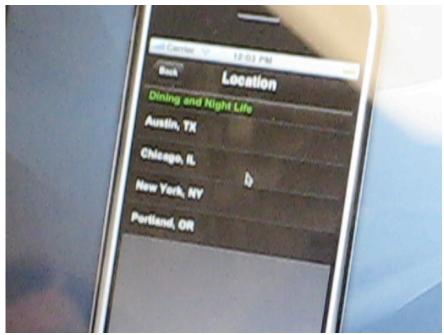
Digital Prototype



Usability Testing

Digital Prototype







Technical Findings

- 1.iPhone Simulator is not fully compatible with standard HTML syntax
- 2.No fully support for Adobe Flash; limited to Flash Lite only
- Application Distribution requires approval process
- 4. Develop is best on a Macintosh Platform



Findings

- Category Naming Conventions worked much better
- 2.Additional Navigation Schema at top and bottom useful
- 3.Call, Map, Web, Rate sections need to appear more distinct design-wise
- 4. Sections need identification to show they are clickable
- 5. Rating still needs more instruction
- 6.Adding a search function would help



Future Development

- Search Function
- Tips Section
- Facebook Page (exchange of reviews, stories, and photos from sustainable travel spots)
- Improved Rating System
- Feedback Section
- More detailed design (add photos...etc.)



Any Questions?

